SECTION 1: Identification

1.1. Identification

Product form: Mixture
Product name: 2 Minute Remover Advanced Paint & Varnish Remover / Liquid
Product code: 635

1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use

No additional information available

1.3. Supplier

Sunnyside Corp
225 Carpenter Ave
Wheeling, IL 60090 - USA
T 800-323-8611 - F 847-541-9043
orders@sunnysidecorp.com - www.sunnysidecorp.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Country</th>
<th>Organization/Company</th>
<th>Address</th>
<th>Emergency number</th>
<th>Comment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>United States</td>
<td>Chemtrec</td>
<td></td>
<td>1-800-424-9300</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

SECTION 2: Hazard(s) identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

GHS-US classification
Flammable liquids Category 2
Acute toxicity (oral) Category 3
Acute toxicity (dermal) Category 3
Acute toxicity (inhalation) Category 3
Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category 1
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category 3
Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Acute Hazard Category 3

GHS-US labeling

Hazard pictograms (GHS-US): ![Flammable](image1), ![Toxic](image2), ![Eye Irritation](image3), ![Dust](image4)

Signal word (GHS-US): Danger

Hazard statements (GHS-US):
- Highly flammable liquid and vapour
- Toxic if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled
- Causes serious eye irritation
- May cause drowsiness or dizziness
- Causes damage to organs
- Harmful to aquatic life

Precautionary statements (GHS-US):
- Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
- Keep container tightly closed.
- Ground/Bond container and receiving equipment
- Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment
- Use only non-sparking tools.
- Take precautionary measures against static discharge.
- Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.
- Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.
- Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling.
- Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
- Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
- Avoid release to the environment.
2 Minute Remover Advanced Paint & Varnish Remover / Liquid
Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
If swallowed: Immediately call a poison center or doctor
If on skin: Wash with plenty of water
If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with
water/shower
If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing
If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present
and easy to do. Continue rinsing
If exposed: Call a poison center/doctor
Call a poison center or doctor if you feel unwell
Specific treatment (see supplemental first aid instruction on this label)
Rinse mouth.
If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
Take off immediately all contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
In case of fire: Use media other than water to extinguish.
Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
Store locked up.
Dispose of contents/container to hazardous or special waste collection point, in accordance
with local, regional, national and/or international regulation

2.3. Other hazards which do not result in classification
No additional information available

2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS US)
Not applicable

SECTION 3: Composition/Information on ingredients

3.1. Substances
Not applicable

3.2. Mixtures

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Product identifier</th>
<th>%</th>
<th>GHS-US classification</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>acetone</td>
<td>(CAS-No.) 67-64-1</td>
<td>25 - 45</td>
<td>Flam. Liq. 2, H225</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Eye Irrit. 2, H319</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>STOT SE 3, H336</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Aquatic Acute 3, H402</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1,3-dioxolane</td>
<td>(CAS-No.) 646-06-0</td>
<td>25 - 45</td>
<td>Flam. Liq. 2, H225</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>dimethylcarbonate</td>
<td>(CAS-No.) 616-38-6</td>
<td>10 - 25</td>
<td>Flam. Liq. 2, H225</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>methanol</td>
<td>(CAS-No.) 67-56-1</td>
<td>10 - 25</td>
<td>Flam. Liq. 2, H225</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Acute Tox. 3 (Inhalation), H331</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Acute Tox. 3 (Inhalation:vapour), H331</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>STOT SE 1, H370</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>distillates, hydrotreated</td>
<td>(CAS-No.) 64742-47-8</td>
<td>&lt; 10</td>
<td>Asp. Tox. 1, H304</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Full text of hazard classes and H-statements : see section 16

SECTION 4: First-aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures general : Call a physician immediately.
First-aid measures after inhalation : Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a doctor.
First-aid measures after skin contact : Rinse skin with water/shower. Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing.
First-aid measures after eye contact : Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
First-aid measures after ingestion : Rinse mouth. Call a physician immediately. Do not induce vomiting.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects (acute and delayed)

Symptoms/effects : May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Symptoms/effects after eye contact : Eye irritation.

4.3. Immediate medical attention and special treatment, if necessary

Treat symptomatically.
SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Suitable (and unsuitable) extinguishing media

5.2. Specific hazards arising from the chemical
Fire hazard : Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
Reactivity : Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

5.3. Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters
Protection during firefighting : Do not attempt to take action without suitable protective equipment. Self-contained breathing apparatus. Complete protective clothing.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel
Emergency procedures : No open flames, no sparks, and no smoking. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing.

6.1.2. For emergency responders
Protective equipment : Do not attempt to take action without suitable protective equipment. For further information refer to section 8: "Exposure controls/personal protection".

6.2. Environmental precautions
Avoid release to the environment.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up
Methods for cleaning up : Take up liquid spill into absorbent material. Notify authorities if product enters sewers or public waters.

Other information : Dispose of materials or solid residues at an authorized site.

6.4. Reference to other sections
For further information refer to section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling
Precautions for safe handling : Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Flammable vapors may accumulate in the container. Use explosion-proof equipment. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.

Hygiene measures : Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Always wash hands after handling the product.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities
Technical measures : Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.
Storage conditions : Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Keep container tightly closed. Store locked up.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical</th>
<th>Local name</th>
<th>ACGIH TWA (ppm)</th>
<th>ACGIH STEL (ppm)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1,3-dioxolane (646-06-0)</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>dimethylcarbonate (616-38-6)</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>distillates, hydrotreated light (64742-47-8)</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>acetone (67-64-1)</td>
<td>ACGIH</td>
<td>250 ppm</td>
<td>500 ppm</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

ACGIH ACGIH TWA (ppm) ACGIH STEL (ppm)
2 Minute Remover Advanced Paint & Varnish Remover / Liquid
Safety Data Sheet

acetone (67-64-1)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ACGIH</th>
<th>Remark (ACGIH)</th>
<th>eye irr; CNS impair; BEI</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>OSHA</td>
<td>OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)</td>
<td>2400 mg/m³</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OSHA</td>
<td>OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)</td>
<td>1000 ppm</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

methanol (67-56-1)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ACGIH</th>
<th>Local name</th>
<th>Methanol</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ACGIH</td>
<td>ACGIH TWA (ppm)</td>
<td>200 ppm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ACGIH</td>
<td>ACGIH STEL (ppm)</td>
<td>250 ppm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ACGIH</td>
<td>Remark (ACGIH)</td>
<td>Headache; eye dam; dizziness; nausea</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OSHA</td>
<td>OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m³)</td>
<td>260 mg/m³</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OSHA</td>
<td>OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)</td>
<td>200 ppm</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

8.2. Appropriate engineering controls

Appropriate engineering controls : Ensure good ventilation of the work station.
Environmental exposure controls : Avoid release to the environment.

8.3. Individual protection measures/Personal protective equipment

Hand protection:
Protective gloves

Eye protection:
Safety glasses

Skin and body protection:
Wear suitable protective clothing

Respiratory protection:
Wear respiratory protection.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state : Liquid
Color : Mixture contains one or more component(s) which have the following colour(s):
        Colourless
Odor : There may be no odour warning properties, odour is subjective and inadequate to warn of overexposure.
        Mixture contains one or more component(s) which have the following odour:
        Pleasant odour Aromatic odour Sweet odour Fruity odour Characteristic odour Mild odour
        Alcohol odour Commercial/unpurified substance: irritating/pungent odour
Odor threshold : No data available
pH : No data available
Melting point : Not applicable
Freezing point : No data available
Boiling point : No data available
Flash point : No data available
Relative evaporation rate (butyl acetate=1) : No data available
Flammability (solid, gas) : Not applicable.
Vapor pressure : No data available
Relative vapor density at 20 °C : No data available
Relative density : No data available
Solubility : No data available
Log Pow : No data available
## 10. Stability and reactivity

### 10.1. Reactivity

Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

### 10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No dangerous reactions known under normal conditions of use.

### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid contact with hot surfaces. Heat. No flames, no sparks. Eliminate all sources of ignition.

### 10.5. Incompatible materials

No additional information available

### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

## 11. Toxicological information

### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity (oral)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Material</th>
<th>LD50 oral rat</th>
<th>LD50 dermal rabbit</th>
<th>ATE US (oral)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>dimethylcarbonate (616-38-6)</td>
<td>13000 mg/kg (Rat, Oral)</td>
<td>&gt; 5000 mg/kg (Rabbit, Dermal)</td>
<td>100 mg/kg body weight</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>acetone (67-64-1)</td>
<td>5800 mg/kg (Equivalent or similar to OECD 401, Rat, Female, Experimental value, Oral)</td>
<td>20000 mg/kg (Equivalent or similar to OECD 402, Rabbit, Male, Experimental value, Dermal)</td>
<td>300 mg/kg body weight</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>methanol (67-56-1)</td>
<td>1187 - 2769 mg/kg body weight (BASF test, Rat, Male/female, Weight of evidence, Aqueous solution, Oral, 7 day(s))</td>
<td>17100 mg/kg (Rabbit, Inconclusive, insufficient data, Dermal)</td>
<td>100 mg/kg body weight</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Acute toxicity (dermal)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Material</th>
<th>ATE US (dermal)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>dimethylcarbonate (616-38-6)</td>
<td>300 mg/kg body weight</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>acetone (67-64-1)</td>
<td>20000 mg/kg body weight</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>methanol (67-56-1)</td>
<td>1187 mg/kg body weight</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Acute toxicity (inhalation)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Material</th>
<th>LC50 inhalation rat (mg/l)</th>
<th>ATE US (inhalation)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>dimethylcarbonate (616-38-6)</td>
<td>76 mg/l (Other, 4 h, Rat, Female, Experimental value, Inhalation (vapours))</td>
<td>Inhalation: Toxic if inhaled.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>acetone (67-64-1)</td>
<td>128.2 mg/l air (BASF test, 4 h, Rat, Male/female, Experimental value, Inhalation (vapours))</td>
<td>76 mg/l/4h</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>methanol (67-56-1)</td>
<td>1187 mg/kg body weight</td>
<td>76 mg/l/4h</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

ATE US: Acute Toxification Unit
### Skin corrosion/irritation
- Not classified

### Serious eye damage/irritation
- Causes serious eye irritation.

### Respiratory or skin sensitization
- Not classified

### Germ cell mutagenicity
- Not classified

### Carcinogenicity
- Not classified

### Reproductive toxicity
- Not classified

### Specific target organ toxicity – single exposure
- Causes damage to organs. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

### Specific target organ toxicity – repeated exposure
- Not classified

### Aspiration hazard
- Not classified

### Viscosity, kinematic
- < 20 mm²/s

### Symptoms/effects
- May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

### Symptoms/effects after eye contact
- Eye irritation.

#### SECTION 12: Ecological information

### 12.1. Toxicity

**Ecology - general**
- Harmful to aquatic life.

**dimethylcarbonate (616-38-6)**
- LC50 fish 1: 100 - 1000 mg/l (96 h, Pisces)

**acetone (67-64-1)**
- LC50 fish 1: 5540 mg/l (EU Method C.1, 96 h, Salmo gairdneri, Static system, Fresh water, Experimental value, Nominal concentration)

**methanol (67-56-1)**
- LC50 fish 1: 15400 mg/l (EPA 660/3 - 75/009, 96 h, Lepomis macrochirus, Flow-through system, Fresh water, Experimental value, Lethal)
- EC50 Daphnia 1: 18260 mg/l (OECD 202: Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test, 96 h, Daphnia magna, Semi-static system, Fresh water, Experimental value, Locomotor effect)
- ErC50 (algae): 22000 mg/l (OECD 201: Alga, Growth Inhibition Test, 96 h, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata, Static system, Fresh water, Experimental value)

### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

**dimethylcarbonate (616-38-6)**
- Persistence and degradability: Biodegradability in water: no data available.

**acetone (67-64-1)**
- Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD): 1.43 g O₂/g substance
- Chemical oxygen demand (COD): 1.92 g O₂/g substance
- ThOD: 2.2 g O₂/g substance
acetone (67-64-1)
- BOD (% of ThOD): 0.872 (20 day(s), Literature study)

methanol (67-56-1)
- Persistence and degradability: Readily biodegradable in the soil. Readily biodegradable in water.
- Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD): 0.6 - 1.12 g O₂/g substance
- Chemical oxygen demand (COD): 1.42 g O₂/g substance
- ThOD: 1.5 g O₂/g substance

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

dimethylcarbonate (616-38-6)
- Bioaccumulative potential: Not bioaccumulative.

acetone (67-64-1)
- BCF fish 1: 0.69 (Pisces)
- BCF other aquatic organisms 1: 3 (BCFWIN, Calculated value)
- Log Pow: -0.24 (Test data)
- Bioaccumulative potential: Not bioaccumulative.

methanol (67-56-1)
- BCF fish 1: 1 - 4.5 (72 h, Cyprinus carpio, Static system, Fresh water, Experimental value)
- Log Pow: -0.77 (Experimental value)
- Bioaccumulative potential: Low potential for bioaccumulation (BCF < 500).

12.4. Mobility in soil

acetone (67-64-1)
- Surface tension: 0.0237 N/m
- Ecology - soil: No (test)data on mobility of the substance available.

methanol (67-56-1)
- Surface tension: 0.023 N/m (20 °C)
- Log Koc: 0.088 (log Koc, SRC PCKOCWIN v2.0, Calculated value)
- Ecology - soil: Highly mobile in soil.

12.5. Other adverse effects

No additional information available

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Disposal methods

- Waste treatment methods: Dispose of contents/container in accordance with licensed collector's sorting instructions.
- Additional information: Flammable vapors may accumulate in the container.

SECTION 14: Transport information

Department of Transportation (DOT)

- In accordance with DOT
- Transport document description: UN1263 Paint related material, 3, II
- UN-No.(DOT): UN1263
- Proper Shipping Name (DOT): Paint related material
- Class (DOT): 3 - Class 3 - Flammable and combustible liquid 49 CFR 173.120
- Packing group (DOT): II - Medium Danger
### Hazard labels (DOT)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Code</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>3 - Flammable liquid</td>
<td><img src="flammable.png" alt="" /></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### DOT Packaging Non Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Code</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>173 - Flammable liquid</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### DOT Packaging Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Code</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>242 - Flammable liquid</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### DOT Special Provisions (49 CFR 172.102)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Code</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>149 - When transported as a limited quantity or a consumer commodity, the maximum net capacity specified in 173.150(b)(2) of this subchapter for inner packaging may be increased to 5 L (1.3 gallons).</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>367 - For the purposes of documentation and package marking: a. The proper shipping name “Paint related material” may be used for consignments of packages containing “Paint” and “Paint related material” in the same package; b. The proper shipping name “Paint related material, corrosive, flammable” may be used for consignments of packages containing “Paint, corrosive, flammable” and “Paint related material, corrosive, flammable” in the same package; c. The proper shipping name “Paint related material, flammable, corrosive” may be used for consignments of packages containing “Paint, flammable, corrosive” and “Paint related material, flammable, corrosive” in the same package; and d. The proper shipping name “Printing ink related material” may be used for consignments of packages containing “Printing ink” and “Printing ink related material” in the same package.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>B52 - Notwithstanding the provisions of 173.24b of this subchapter, non-reclosing pressure relief devices are authorized on DOT 57 portable tanks.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IB2 - Authorized IBCs: Metal (31A, 31B and 31N); Rigid plastics (31H1 and 31H2); Composite (31HZ1). Additional Requirement: Only liquids with a vapor pressure less than or equal to 110 kPa at 50 C (1.1 bar at 122 F), or 130 kPa at 55 C (1.3 bar at 131 F) are authorized.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>T4 - 2.65 178.274(d)(2) Normal............. 178.275(d)(3)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TP1 - The maximum degree of filling must not exceed the degree of filling determined by the following: Degree of filling = 97 / 1 + a (tr - tf) Where: tr is the maximum mean bulk temperature during transport, and tf is the temperature in degrees celsius of the liquid during filling.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TP8 - A portable tank having a minimum test pressure of 1.5 bar (150 kPa) may be used when the flash point of the hazardous material transported is greater than 0 C (32 F).</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TP28 - A portable tank having a minimum test pressure of 2.65 bar (265 kPa) may be used provided the calculated test pressure is 2.65 bar or less based on the MAWP of the hazardous material, as defined in 178.275 of this subchapter, where the test pressure is 1.5 times the MAWP.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### DOT Packaging Exceptions (49 CFR 173.xxx)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Code</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>150 -</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### DOT Quantity Limitations Passenger aircraft/rail (49 CFR 173.27)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>5 L</td>
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### DOT Quantity Limitations Cargo aircraft only (49 CFR 175.75)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Code</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>60 L</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### DOT Vessel Stowage Location

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Code</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>B - (i) The material may be stowed “on deck” or “under deck” on a cargo vessel and on a passenger vessel carrying a number of passengers limited to not more than the larger of 25 passengers, or one passenger per each 3 m of overall vessel length; and (ii) “On deck only” on passenger vessels in which the number of passengers specified in paragraph (k)(2)(i) of this section is exceeded:</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Emergency Response Guide (ERG) Number

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Code</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>128</td>
<td></td>
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</tbody>
</table>

### Other information

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Code</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>No supplementary information available.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Transportation of Dangerous Goods

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Code</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Not applicable</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transport by sea</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Not regulated</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Air transport</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Not regulated</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### SECTION 15: Regulatory information

#### 15.1. US Federal regulations
2 Minute Remover Advanced Paint & Varnish Remover / Liquid
Safety Data Sheet

15.2. International regulations

CANADA

1,3-dioxolane (646-06-0)
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

dimethylcarbonate (616-38-6)
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

distillates, hydrotreated light (64742-47-8)
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

acetone (67-64-1)
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

methanol (67-56-1)
Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

EU-Regulations
No additional information available

National regulations
No additional information available

15.3. US State regulations

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>2 Minute Remover Advanced Paint &amp; Varnish Remover / Liquid</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
2 Minute Remover Advanced Paint & Varnish Remover / Liquid
Safety Data Sheet
according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Component</th>
<th>Carcinogenicity</th>
<th>Developmental toxicity</th>
<th>Reproductive toxicity male</th>
<th>Reproductive toxicity female</th>
<th>No significant risk level (NSRL)</th>
<th>Maximum allowable dose level (MADL)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>methanol(67-56-1)</td>
<td></td>
<td>X</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>47000 µg/day (inhalation); 23,000 µg/day (oral)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Component</th>
<th>State or local regulations</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1,3-dioxolane(646-06-0)</td>
<td>U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>dimethylcarbonate(616-38-6)</td>
<td>U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>distillates, hydrotreated light(64742-47-8)</td>
<td>U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>acetone(67-64-1)</td>
<td>U.S. - Delaware - Pollutant Discharge Requirements - Reportable Quantities</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>methanol(67-56-1)</td>
<td>U.S. - Delaware - Pollutant Discharge Requirements - Reportable Quantities</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

SECTION 16: Other information
according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

Revision date : 09/06/2018

Full text of H-phrases:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>H225</th>
<th>Highly flammable liquid and vapour</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>H302</td>
<td>Harmful if swallowed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H304</td>
<td>May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H319</td>
<td>Causes serious eye irritation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H331</td>
<td>Toxic if inhaled</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H336</td>
<td>May cause drowsiness or dizziness</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H370</td>
<td>Causes damage to organs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H402</td>
<td>Harmful to aquatic life</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

SDS US (GHS HazCom 2012)

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.